Red Pentagram LED Flash Lamp DIY Kit

1.Introduction:

It is a simple mini Red Pentagram LED Flash Lamp DIY kit. The circuit is controlled by a DX158 LED driver chip, which can achieve automatic switching and cyclic playback of multifunctional light flashing modes after power ON. The flashing speed of the LED can also be adjusted by pressing the button.

2.Feature:

- 1>.Red LED Flashing
- 2>.Automatic Switch Flashing Effect
- 3>.Adjustable LED Flashing Speed
- 4>.Micro USB 5V Power Supply
- 5>.DIY Manual Soldering

3.Parameter:

- 1>.Work Voltage:DC 5V
- 2>.Power Type: Micro USB Socket
- 3>.LED Color: 80pcs Red
- 4>.Work Temperature:-40°C~85°C
- 5>.Work Humidity:5%~95%RH
- 6>.Size(Installed):78*78*9mm

4.Use Methods:

- 1>.Input 5V work voltage from Micro USB Power Socket. Note:Users need to prepare their own Micro USB power wire.
 - 2>.Turn Toggle Switch to ON/OFF work power.
- 3>.Press Black Button to increase LED Flashing Speed. Note: the speed will switch to the lowest speed if you continue to press the button, when reaching the maximum speed.
- 4>.Note: There is no memory function for speed, and every time the power is restarted, the speed needs to be readjusted.

5. Component Listing:

- 1>.1pcs SOP-16 DX158 LED Driver Controller
- 2>.1pcs Micro USB Power Socket
- 3>.1pcs 6*6mm Black Button
- 4>.1pcs SS-12D07 Toggle Switch
- 5>.80pcs 4mm Red LED
- 6>.1pcs 77*77mm PCB Circuit Board

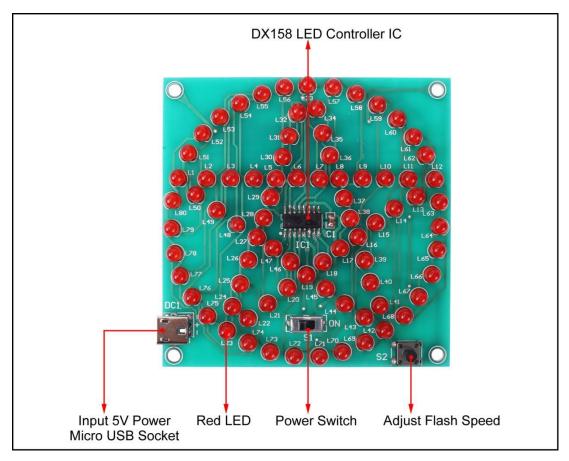
6.Application:

- 1>. Christmas decorations Training welding skills
- 2>. Training welding skills
- 3>.Student school
- 4>.Project Design
- 5>. Electronic competition
- 6>.Gift giving
- 7>.Crafts collection
- 8>.Home decoration
- 9>.Souvenir collection
- 10>.Graduation design
- 11>.Holiday gifts

7.Installation Tips:

- 1>.User needs to prepare the welding tool at first.
 - 1.1>.Soldering iron (<50 Watt)
 - 1.2>.Rosin core ("radio") solder
 - 1.3>.Wire cutters
 - 1.4>.Wire strippers
 - 1.5>.Screwdriver
- 2>.Please be patient until the installation is complete.
- 3>. The package is DIY kit. It need finish install by user.
- 4>.The soldering iron can't touch the components for a long time(1.0 second), otherwise it will damage the components.
 - 5>.Pay attention to the positive and negative of the components.
 - 6>.Strictly prohibit short circuit.
 - 7>.User must install the LED according to the specified rules.Otherwise some LED will not light.
 - 8>.Install complex components preferentially.
 - 9>.Make sure all components are in right direction and right place.
 - 10>.lt is strongly recommended to read the installation manual before starting installation!!!
 - 11>.Please wear anti-static gloves or anti-static wristbands when installing electronic components.

8.Installation Steps(Please be patient install!!!):

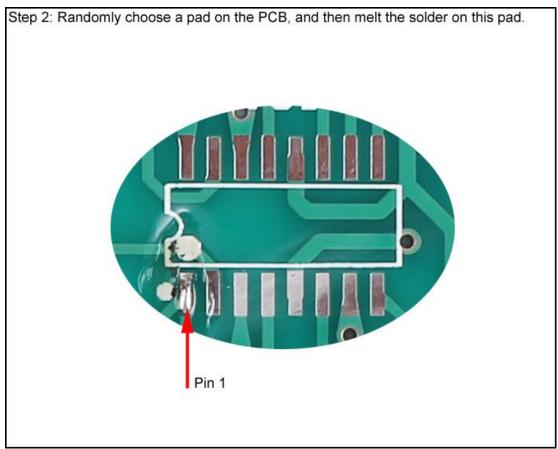


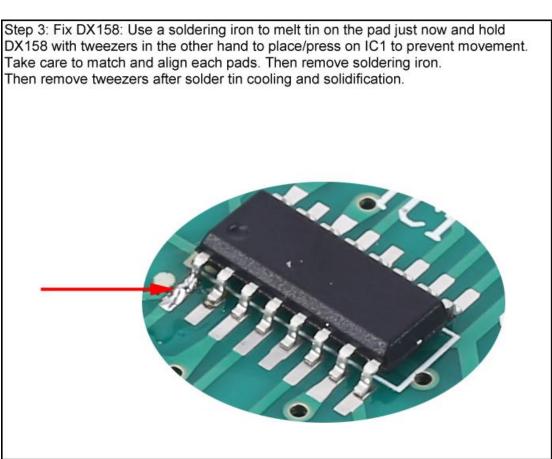
Step 1: Install 1pcs SMD components SOP-16 DX158 at IC1.

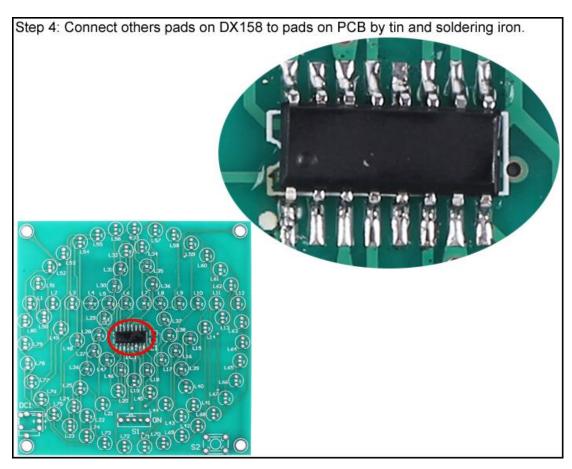
Verify and confirm the installation direction of DX158. There is a dot mark on one end of the IC and there is a white dot mark on PCB silk screen where the IC can place on. These two marks are corresponding to each other and are used to specify the installation direction of the IC.

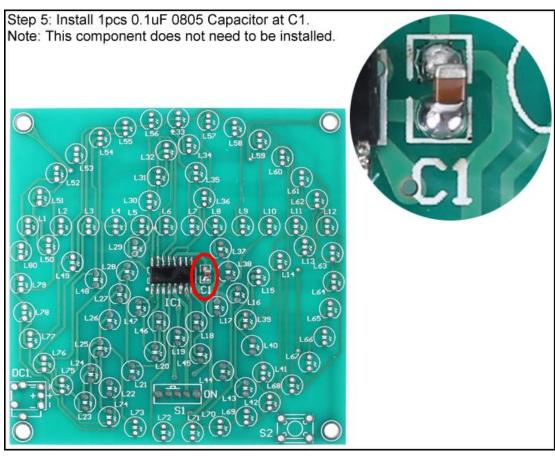
IC Dot

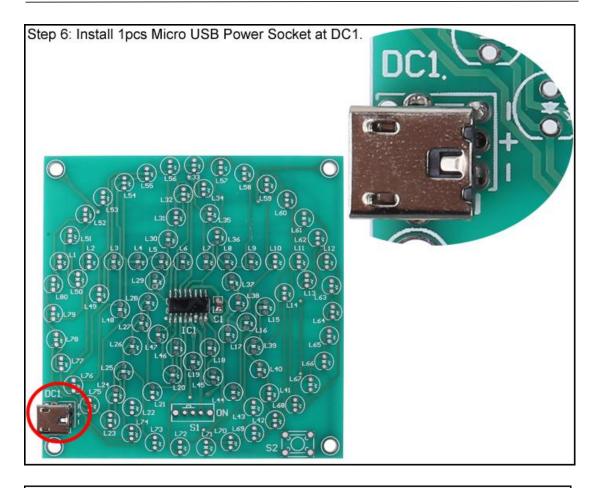
PCB White Dot











- Step 7: Identify the positive(anode) and negative(cathode) lead of LED. The leads of the LED must be installed correctly, otherwise the LED cannot be turned on. Here are four methods as following:
- 7.1>.According to the length of the LED lead to distinguish. The longer pin is positive(anode) lead. The shorter pin is negative(cathode) lead.
- 7.2>.Identify the negative(cathode) of the LED is to look into the plastic case where one can see that the negative(cathode) is much thicker/bigger inside the plastic case than the anode lead.
- 7.3>.Identify by edge of plastic case. The negative (cathode) lead of the LED should be the pin nearest the flat on the plastic case.
- 7.4>.Test by 3V battery or multimeter.The pin is positive(anode) lead which has connect to positive of 3V if LED can light up after connect 3V power supply. (LED can not be powered directly from 3V for a short time:less then 0.5second)
- 7.5>.Note:If the flat on package disagrees with other indicators(short lead,large cathode lead end), then other indicators take priority. I.e. if the flat disagrees with the lead length, use the lead length as the cathode indicator.



